

## Īsā<sup>(a.s)</sup> Ke Baarah Shaagird

Iñjeel : Mattā 10:1-33

Īsā<sup>(a.s)</sup> ne apne baarah shaagirdon ko paas bulaayā. Unhone unko naapaak ruhoṇ se nijaat aur har tarah kī beemaarī aur takleef se shifā kī taaqat atā karī.<sup>(1)</sup> Ye un baarah shaagirdon ke naam haiñ : Janaab Shamun (jinko log Patras bhī kahte the), janaab Patras ke bhaāī janaab Andriyas, Zabdī ke bete janaab Yaaqub, Yaaqub ke bhaāī janaab Yuhannā,<sup>(2)</sup> janaab Filippus, janaab Baratulmaaī, janaab Thomā, janaab Mattā (jo logoṇ se ɭaiks kī wasulī karte the), Halfiyaas ke bete janaab Yaaqub, janaab Tadhī,<sup>(3)</sup> janaab Shamun (jo Yahudiyōn ke zeloṭ naam ke firqe se the), aur Yahudā Iskariyotī (wo insaan jisne Īsā<sup>(a.s)</sup> ko dushmanoṇ ke hawaale kar diyā).<sup>(4)</sup>

[Pahalī baar jab] Īsā<sup>(a.s)</sup> ne un baarah logoṇ ko baahar bhejā, to unko hidaayat dī aur kahā :

“Gair-Yahudī logoṇ ke yahaan mat jaanā aur n hī us shahar me jaanā jahaan Saamrī log rahte haiñ.<sup>(5)</sup> Balki tum sirf un logoṇ ke paas jaanā jo raastā bhatāk gae haiñ.<sup>(6)</sup> Tum logoṇ ko ye bataao ki ‘Allaah taa’alā kī hukumat qareeb hai.’<sup>(7)</sup> Tum beemaaroṇ ko shifā denā. Mare hue logoṇ ko zindagi denā aur kođhiyon ko beemaarī se nijaat denā. Jo log gandī ruhoṇ ke qabze me haiñ unheñ āzaad karnā. Tumko ye saarī taaqteñ mupht me milī haiñ to tum bhī sabko ye mupht me denā.<sup>(8)</sup>

“Tum apne saath n paise le jaanā aur nā hī sonā-chaañdī aur taambā.<sup>(9)</sup> Tum apne saamaan ke liye koī baig bhī mat le jaanā. Sirf unheen kapdoṇ aur jutoṇ me jaanā jo tum pahne hue ho. Tum apne saath laathī bhī mat rakhnā. Kyuñki ek mazdur haqdaar hai ki uskā ɭhyaal rakhā jaae.<sup>(10)</sup>

“Jab tum kisī shahar yā kasbe me jao to wahaan ek laayak bande kī talaash karnā aur us shahar ko chōqne tak usī bande ke yahaan ruknā.<sup>(11)</sup> Jab tum un logoṇ ke gharoṇ me daak̄hil honā to unheñ salaamtī kī duā denā.<sup>(12)</sup> Agar wo log tumhaarī ɭhaatirdaarī karte haiñ to salaamtī un par banī rahegī. Lekin agar wo log laayaq naheeñ haiñ, to ye salaamtī tumhaare paas laut̄ aegī.<sup>(13)</sup> Jo koī bhī tumheñ qubul nā kare aur tumhaarī baat nā sune to wahaan se rawaanā hote waqt us jagah kī mit̄ī ko apne pairoṇ se jhaaq denā.<sup>(14)</sup> Maiñ tumheñ ek haqeeqat bataatā hun: Ākhirat me faisle ke din us shahar ke logoṇ ke saath, Sadum aur amorā<sup>[a]</sup> me tabaah hue logoṇ se bhī zyaadā burā hogā.”<sup>(15)</sup>

[Īsā<sup>(a.s)</sup> ne apne baarah shaagirdon ko taaleem dete hue kahā:] “Dekho! Maiñ tum bhedoṇ ko bhediyōn ke beech me bhej rahā huñ. To tum saamp kī tarah hoshiyar aur kabutar kī tarah maasum ban kar rahnā.<sup>(16)</sup> Hoshiyar rahnā! Kuch log tumheñ pakā kar adaalat me pesh kareñge aur Yahudī log tumheñ ibaadatgaah me kođe maareñge.<sup>(17)</sup> Tumko merī wajah se baadshaah aur gawarnar ke saamne le jaayā jaaegā. Wahaan tum unke aur gair-Yahudiyōn ke saamne merī gawaahī pesh karnā.<sup>(18)</sup> Jab tumko giraftaar kiyā jaae, to is baat kī fikr mat karnā ki tum kyā kahoge aur kaise kahoge. Tumko usī waqt patā chal jaaegā ki kyā bolnā hai.<sup>(19)</sup> Wo tum naheeñ bol rahe hoge; balki tumhaare parwardigaar kī taaqat tumhaare añdar se kalaam karegi.<sup>(20)</sup>

“Tumhaare bhaāī tumhaare khilaaf baġāawat kareñge aur tumheñ qatl karne ke liye dushmanoṇ ke hawaale kar deñge. Baap apne bete ko dushmanoṇ ke hawaale kar degā. Bacche apne maañ-baap ke ɭhilaaf ho jaaeñge aur unkā qatl hone deñge.<sup>(21)</sup> Merī wajah se log tum se nafrat kareñge. Lekin jo ākhir tak īmaan par qaayam rahegā wo bachā liyā jaaegā.<sup>(22)</sup> Jab tumheñ kisī ek shahar me tañg kiyā jaae to tum dusre shahar me chale jaanā. Maiñ tum ko haqeeqat bataatā hun: Tum Yahudiyōn ke saare shaharon tak jā bhī naheeñ paaoge aur Ādmī Kā Betā waapas ā jaaegā.<sup>(23)</sup>

“Shaagird apne ustād se aur ɭulaam apne maalik se kabhī badā naheeñ ho saktā.<sup>(24)</sup> Agar ek shaagird apne ustād jaisā ban jaae to wo hī kaafī hai. Agar ek ɭulaam apne maalik jaisā ban jaae to wo hī bahut hai. Agar log kisī ghar ke sarparast ko “Shaitanoṇ kā baadshaah” kahne lageñ to phir us ghar ke logoṇ ke baare me bhī jhut̄ baateñ gađhī jaaeñgi.<sup>(25)</sup>

“To islie, in logoṇ se zarā bhī n darnā. Har wo kaam jo chupā kar karā jaaegā wo ākhir me dikhā diyā jaaegā aur jo kuch bhī is waqt chupā huā hai uskā raaz ākhir me zaahir ho jaayegā.<sup>(26)</sup> Jo baateñ maiñ tumheñ añdar bataauñ, wo tum logoṇ ko baahar roshnī me bataao aur jo baateñ tum apne kaanoṇ me suno to unkā ailaan apne gharoṇ kī chatoṇ par chadh kar karo.<sup>(27)</sup>

“Un logoṇ se khauf mat khaanā jo sirf jism ko hī maar sakte haiñ, ruh ko naheeñ. Tum Allaah taa’alā ke alaawā kisī aur se mat darnā. Allaah rabbul azeem jism aur ruh donoṇ ko Dozakh me tabaah kar saktā hai.<sup>(28)</sup> Dekho! Chiđiyā kā jođā bahut kam paisoṇ me biktā hai, lekin usmeñ se ek bhī chiđiyā binā Allaah taa’alā kī marzī ke naheeñ mar

saktī.<sup>(29)</sup> Tumhaarā parwardigaar is baat kā bhī ilm rakhtā hai ki tumhaare sar par kitne baal hain.<sup>(30)</sup> Islie bek̄hauf raho. Tum bahut saari chiqiyon se bhī zyaadā qeemtī ho.<sup>(31)</sup> Jo bhī logoṇ ke saamne merī gawaahī degā, to maiñ apne parwardigaar ke saamne uskī gawaahī dungā.<sup>(32)</sup> Lekin jo ihsaan mujhe logoṇ ke saamne ɻukrā degā, to maiñ bhī parwardigaar ke saamne use pahachaanane se inkaar kar dungā.”<sup>(33)</sup>

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[a] Ye wo shahar hain ki jahaan ke logoṇ ne Lut<sup>(a.s)</sup> ke zamaane me Allaah rabbul azeem se baqaawat karī thī. (Quraan Majeed : Al-Āraaf 7:80-84)